



# Robbery

## ***Definition***

The FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program defines robbery as taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

## ***Overview***

- There were an estimated 222,795 robberies nationwide in 2023. The estimated number of robberies was down 0.3 percent from the 2022 estimate and decreased 15.4 percent from the 2019 estimate. The 2023 estimate was down 31.5 percent from the 2014 estimate. (See Tables 1 and 1A.)
- The estimated robbery rate of 66.5 per 100,000 inhabitants in 2023 showed a decrease of 0.8 percent when compared with the 2022 rate. (See Tables 1 and 1A.)
- Among the robberies for which the UCR Program received weapon information in 2023, strong-arm tactics were used in 44.2 percent, firearms in 35.9 percent, and knives or cutting instruments in 8.4 percent. Other dangerous weapons were used in 11.5 percent of robberies in 2023. (Based on Table 19.)

## ***Expanded data***

Expanded offense data are the details of the various offenses that the UCR Program collects beyond the count of how many crimes law enforcement agencies report. These details may include the type of weapon used in a crime, type or value of items stolen, and so forth. In addition, expanded data include trends (for example, 2-year comparisons) and rates per 100,000 inhabitants.

Expanded information regarding robbery is available in the following tables:

Trends (2-year): Tables 12, 13, 14, and 15

Rates (per 100,000 inhabitants): Tables 16, 17, 18, and 19

Weapons: Tables 15, 19, and 21

Location Type, average value of items stolen by location per robbery: Table 23

Robbery Table 1, “Robbery, Location, Percent Distribution by Region, 2023”

Robbery Table 2, “Robbery, Location, Percent Distribution by Population Group, 2023”

Robbery Table 3, “Robbery, Types of Weapons Used, Percent Distribution by Region, 2023”